

Safety Data Sheet dated 03/01/2025, version 3.2 This version cancels and substitutes any previous version

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier Mixture identification: Trade name: FLUSHING FLUID
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Recommended use: Flushing fluid for A/C systems
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company: Mastercool Inc. 1 Aspen Drive, Randolph, NJ 07869 973-252-9119

1.4. Emergency telephone number

ChemTell (800) 255-3924 (MIS0007688)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

Warning, Skin Sens. 1, May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Warning, Carc. 2, Suspected of causing cancer.

Danger, Asp. Tox. 1, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Aquatic Chronic 3, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards 2.2. Label elements Hazard pictograms:



Danger Hazard statements:

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

FLUSHING FLUID/3.2 Page n. 1 of 10



P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Special Provisions: None Contains Hydrocarbons C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatics tetrachloroethylene Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments: None 2.3. Other hazards

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None Other Hazards:

No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- 3.1. Substances
 - N.A.
- 3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Number	Classification
>= 2.5% - < 5%	Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	EC: 927-241-2 REACH No.: 01-21194718 43-32-XXXX	(A) A 10/1 ASD, 10X, 1 H 304
>= 95% - < 97.5%	tetrachloroethylene	Index 602-028-00-4 number: CAS: 127-18-4 EC: 204-825-9 REACH No.: 01-21194753 29-28-XXXX	 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336 3.4.2/1 Skin Sens. 1 H317 3.6/2 Carc. 2 H351 4.1/C2 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before using them.

In case of eyes contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. In case of Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Call a doctor immediately. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person and if indicated by the doctor.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

For symptoms and effects caused by substances, see section 11.

FLUSHING FLUID/3.2

Page n. 2 of 10



4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
 In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use
 or safety data sheet if possible).
 Treatment:
 Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1. Extinguishing media
 - Suitable extinguishing media:
 - Water.
 - Carbon dioxide (CO2).
 - Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: None in particular.
- 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases. Burning produces heavy smoke.
- 5.3. Advice for firefighters
 - Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 - Wear personal protection equipment.
 - Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Vacuum the spilled product into a suitable container. Assess the compatibility of the container to be used with the product, verifying section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Ensure adequate ventilation of the place affected by the loss.

- Wash with plenty of water.
- 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames, do not smoke, use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, the vapors may accumulate on the ground and ignite at a distance, if triggered off with the risk of flashback. Avoid the accumulation of electrostatic charges.

Avoid dispersal into the environment.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

FLUSHING FLUID/3.2

Page n. 3 of 10



Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas. Do not eat or drink while working. See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in a cool and well ventilated place. Store only in the original container. Keep away from food, drink and feed. Incompatible materials:

Incompatible materials: See subsection 10.5 Instructions as regards storage premises: Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Hydrocarbons C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatics - Index number: 649-327-00-6

RCP-TWA - TWA(8h): 1200 mg/m3, 184 ppm - STEL(15min): 600 mg/m3, 100 ppm tetrachloroethylene - CAS: 127-18-4

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 170 mg/m3, 25 ppm - STEL(15min): 678 mg/m3, 100 ppm - Notes: A3, BEI - CNS impair

AGW - TWA(8h): 69 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL(15min): 138 mg/m3, 20 ppm VLA - TWA(8h): 172 mg/m3, 25 ppm - STEL(15min): 689 mg/m3, 100 ppm VLEP - TWA(8h): 138 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL(15min): 275 mg/m3, 40 ppm WEL - TWA(8h): 345 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL(15min): 689 mg/m3, 100 ppm TLV - TWA(8h): 335 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL(15min): 1000 mg/m3, 150 ppm - Notes: Country: GRC NDS - TWA(8h): 85 mg/m3 - STEL(15min): 170 mg/m3 NPHV - TWA(8h): 345 mg/m3, 50 ppm GVI - TWA(8h): 345 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL(15min): 689 mg/m3, 100 ppm EU - TWA(8h): 138 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 275 mg/m3, 40 ppm - Notes: Skin TLV - TWA(8h): 120 mg/m3 - Notes: Country: BGR TLV - TWA(8h): 250 mg/m3 - STEL: 750 mg/m3 - Notes: Country: CZE AK - TWA(8h): 50 mg/m3 - STEL(15min): 50 mg/m3 **DNEL Exposure Limit Values** tetrachloroethylene - CAS: 127-18-4 Consumer: 138 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 275 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 275 mg/m³ - Consumer: 138 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Consumer: 1.3 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 39.4 mg/kg - Consumer: 23 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

tetrachloroethylene - CAS: 127-18-4

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.01 mg/kg

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.051 mg/l

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.0051 mg/l

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.0903 mg/kg

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 11.2 mg/l

FLUSHING FLUID/3.2

Page n. 4 of 10



8.2. Exposure controls Eye protection:
Protective airtight goggles (ref. Standard EN 166).
Protection for skin:
Full protection suit. Protection for hands:
Suitable material:
PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol).
Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber).
FKM (fluoro rubber).
Material thickness: minimum 0.12 mm.
Break through time : > 480 min
Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break
through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact).
Respiratory protection:
In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.
Mask with filter "AX", brown colour Thermal Hazards:
None
Environmental exposure controls:
None
Appropriate engineering controls:
None

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical an		
Appearance and colour:	liquid colorless	
Odour:	characteristic	
Odour threshold:	N.A.	
pH:	N.A.	
Melting point / freezing point:	N.A.	
Initial boiling point and boiling	range: N.A.	
Solid/gas flammability:	N.A.	
Upper/lower flammability or ex	plosive limits: N.A.	
Vapour density:	N.A.	
Flash point:	64 ° C	
Evaporation rate:	N.A.	
Vapour pressure:	N.A.	
Density:	0.78 g/mL (+20°C/+68°F)	
Solubility in water:	N.A.	
Solubility in oil:	N.A.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/	water): N.A.	
Auto-ignition temperature:	N.A.	
Decomposition temperature:	N.A.	
Viscosity:	N.A.	
Explosive properties:	N.A.	
Oxidizing properties:	N.A.	
9.2. Other information		
Miscibility:	N.A.	
Fat Solubility:	N.A.	
Conductivity:	N.A.	
Substance Groups relevant pr	operties N.A.	
V.O.C. (w/w):	100,0 %	



SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1.	Reactivity Stable under normal conditions Tetrachloroethylene is noncombustible, but above 150 ° C / 302 ° F, decomposes. The
	decomposition also takes place by the action of UV rays and moisture.
10.2.	Chemical stability
	Stable under normal conditions
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions
40.4	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
10.4.	Conditions to avoid Avoid overheating, electrostatic discharge and all sources of ignition.
10.5	Incompatible materials
10101	Strong oxidizing agents.
10.6.	Hazardous decomposition products
	When heated or in the event of fire may release gases and vapors potentially dangerous to
	health.
	Hydrogen chloride, phosgene, chlorine, tetrachloroethane, other toxic chlorine compounds.
	11: Toxicological information
	Information on toxicological effects
I OXIC	cological information of the product:
	a) acute toxicity Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	b) skin corrosion/irritation
	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	c) serious eye damage/irritation Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1 H317
	e) germ cell mutagenicity
	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met f) carcinogenicity
	The product is classified: Carc. 2 H351
	g) reproductive toxicity
	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	h) STOT-single exposure
	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	i) STOT-repeated exposure
	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
	j) aspiration hazard
	The product is classified: Asp. Tox. 1 H304
	Adverse health effects
	The product must be handled carefully because of its possible carcinogenic effects. But there is not available enough information to proceed with a full assessment.
	there is not available enough information to proceed with a full assessment. Acute effects: contact with skin may cause irritation, erythema, edema, dryness and
	chapped skin. Ingestion may cause health disorders, including stomach pain and sting,
	nausea and vomiting.



Upon contact with skin causes sensitization (dermatitis). Dermatitis derives as a result of an inflammation of the skin, which begins in the skin areas which repeatedly come into contact with the sensitizing agent. Cutaneous lesions may include erythema, edema, papules, vesicles, pustules, scales, ulcerations and exudative phenomena, whose intensity varies according to illness seriousness and affected areas. In the acute phase prevail erythema, edema and exudation. In chronic phase prevail scaly, dryness, ulcerations and skin thickening.

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

Hydrocarbons C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatics - Index number: 649-327-00-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 5.000 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 5.000 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 4.951 mg/m3 tetrachloroethylene - CAS: 127-18-4 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 3.000 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat 10.000 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat 4.000 ppm - Duration: 4h

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Hydrocarbons C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatics

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish > 1.000 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Oncorhynchus mykiss

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia > 1.000 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: Daphnia magna

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae > 1.000 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

tetrachloroethylene

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia 18 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
 - tetrachloroethylene CAS: 127-18-4
 - Test: Kow Partition coefficient 2.53

Test: BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor 49

12.4. Mobility in soil

tetrachloroethylene - CAS: 127-18-4

Test: Partition coefficient: Soil / water 2.15

- 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- vPvB Substances: None PBT Substances: None
- 12.6. Other adverse effects

None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

FLUSHING FLUID/3.2 Page n. 7 of 10



SECTION 14: Transport information

- 14.1. UN number
 - Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.
- 14.2. UN proper shipping name
- N.A. 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) N.A.
- 14.4. Packing group
- N.A.
- 14.5. Environmental hazards N.A.
- 14.6. Special precautions for user N.A.
- 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work) Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values) Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013 Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP) Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications: Restrictions related to the product: **Restriction 3** Restrictions related to the substances contained: No restriction. Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions : Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents). Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

- Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III): Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1 None
- 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

FLUSHING FLUID/3.2 Page n. 8 of 10



No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard class and	Code	Description
hazard category		
Asp. Tox. 1	3.10/1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	3.4.2/1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
Carc. 2	3.6/2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,
		Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	4.1/C2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	4.1/C3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of	
	Dangerous Goods by Road.	
ATE:	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
ATEmix:	Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)	
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical	
	Society).	

FLUSHING FLUID/3.2 Page n. 9 of 10



CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Áviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.